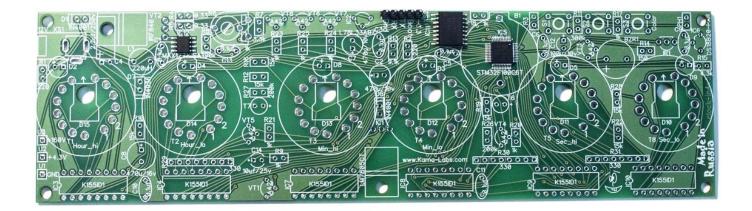
www.Kama-Labs.com **ASSEMBLY MANUAL** FOR SONYA IN-4 v5 CLOCK Be very careful with static electricity. If clock not work after build its mean that they been damaged by static electricity in process of assemble. Check resistance between +3.3 and GND pins of XS2. The resistance should be more than

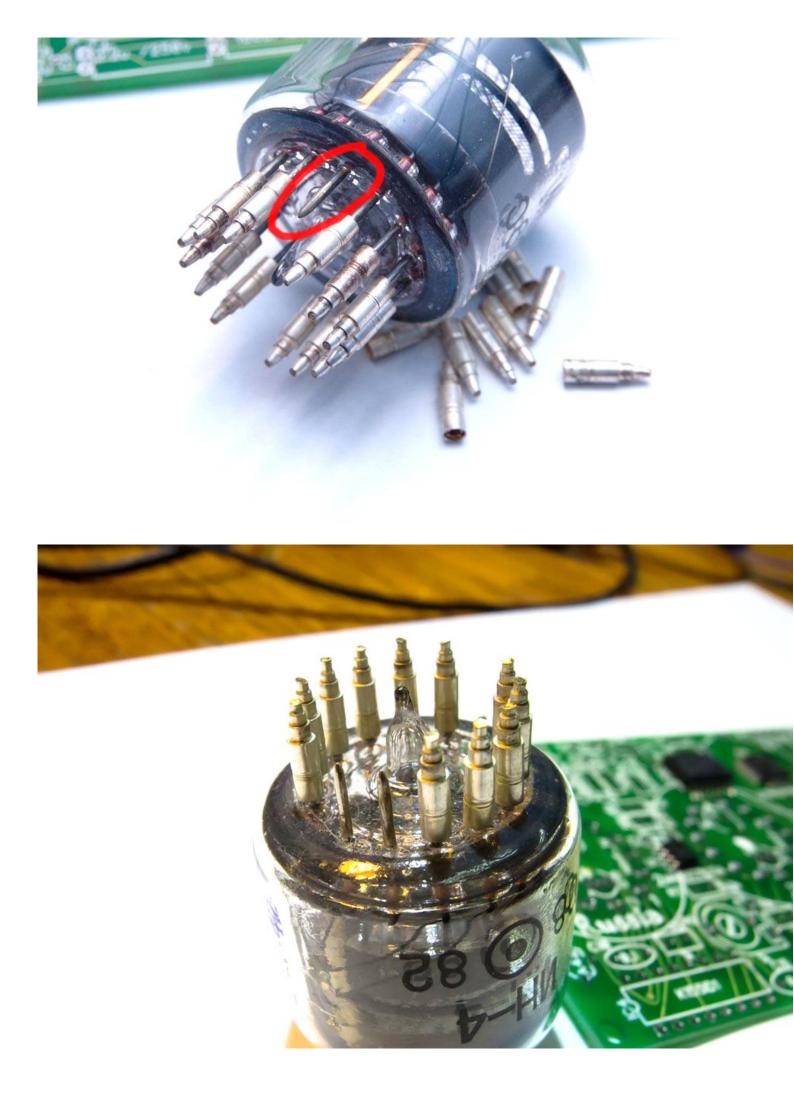
1kOhm.

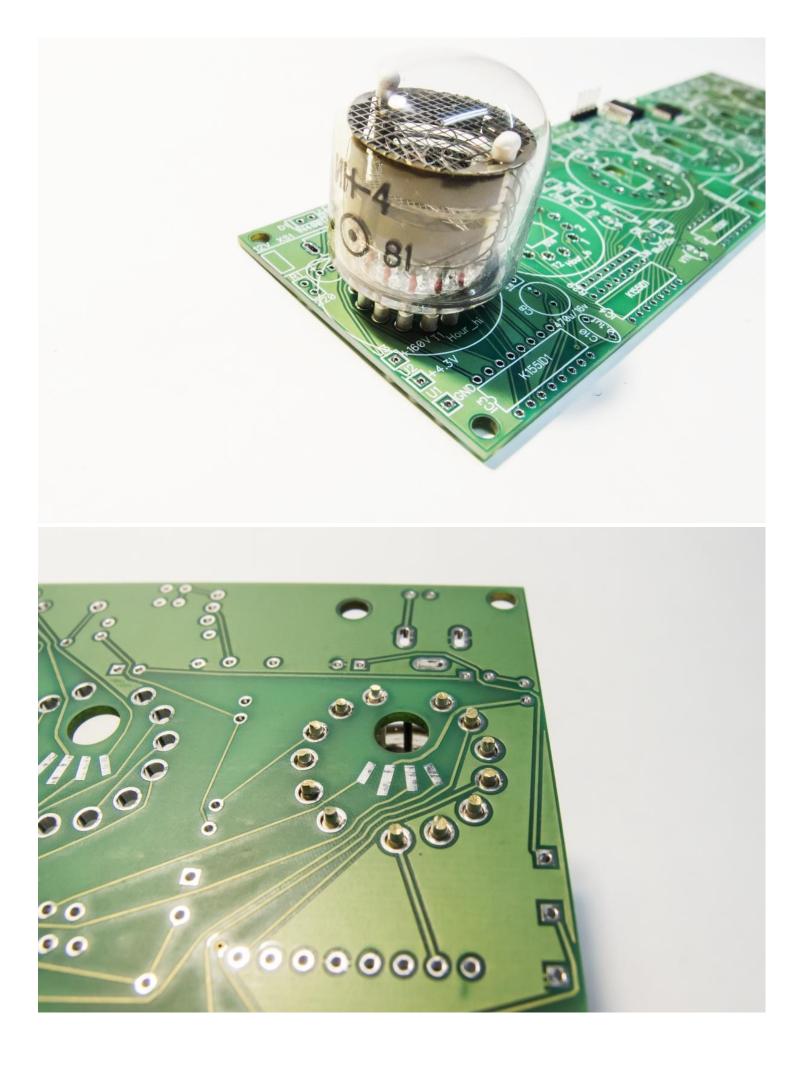
1) You have a PCB with ICs:

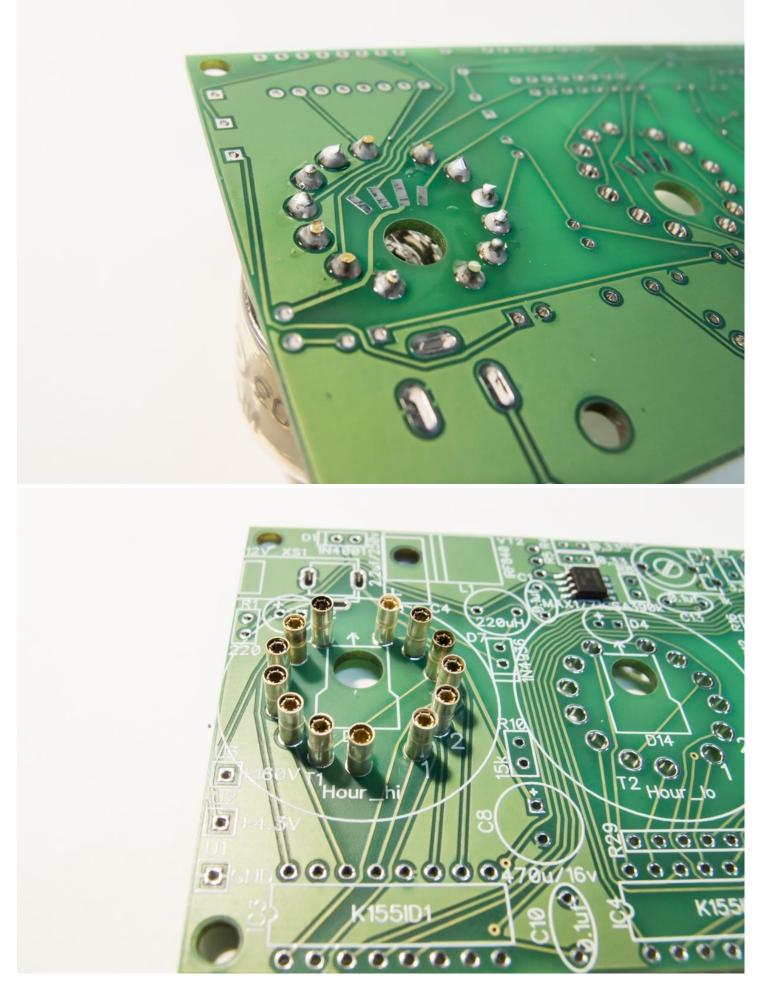


2) Take IN-4 tube with broken glass nipple and put on pins. Then solder the pins:



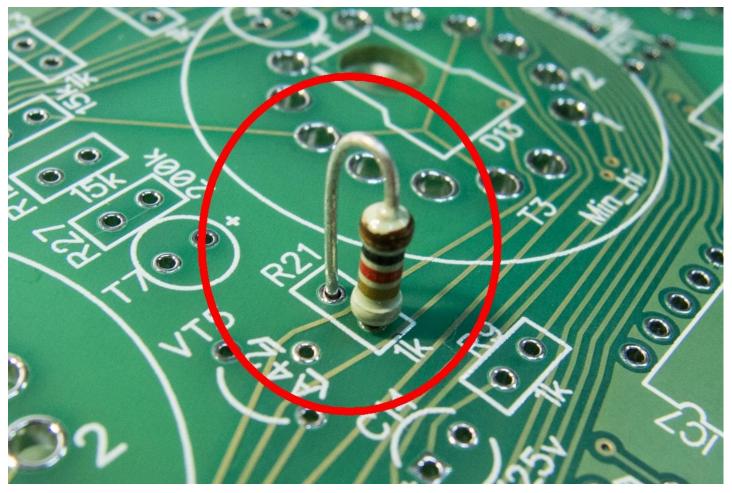




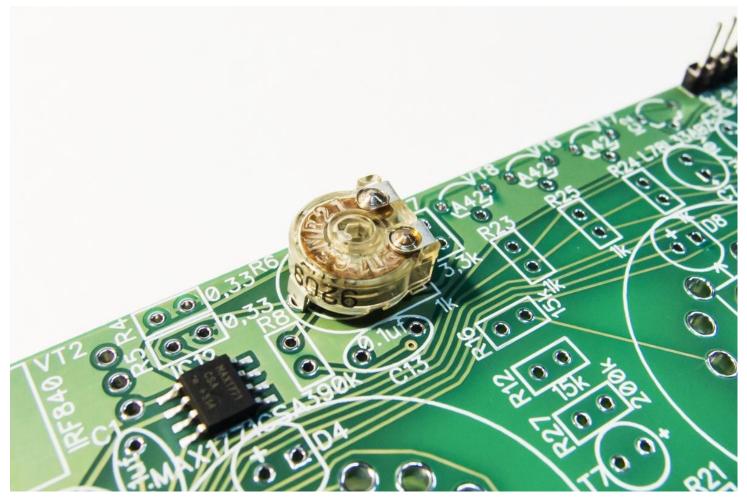


7-th pin of IN-4 did not use, so you can cut it.

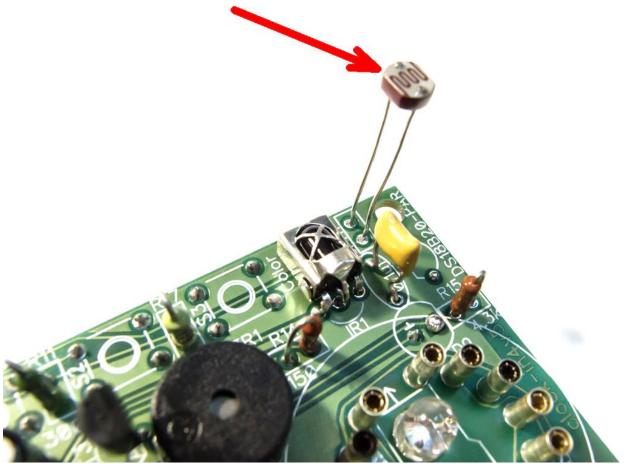
2) Place all resistors verticals.



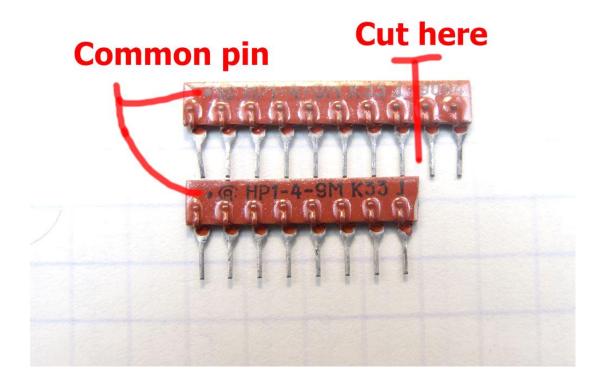
3) Place potentiometer:

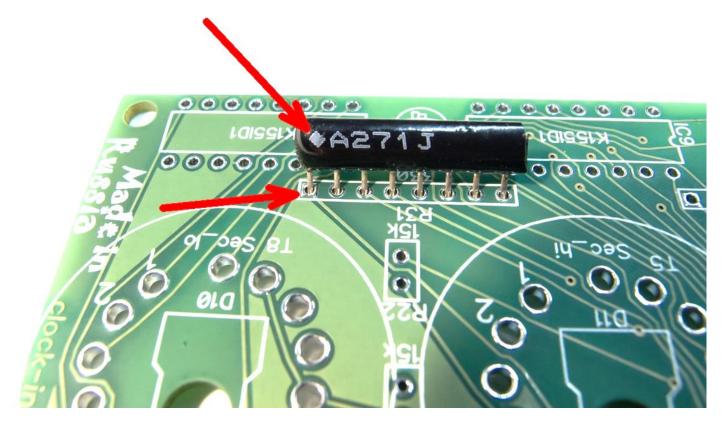


4) Place photoresistor:

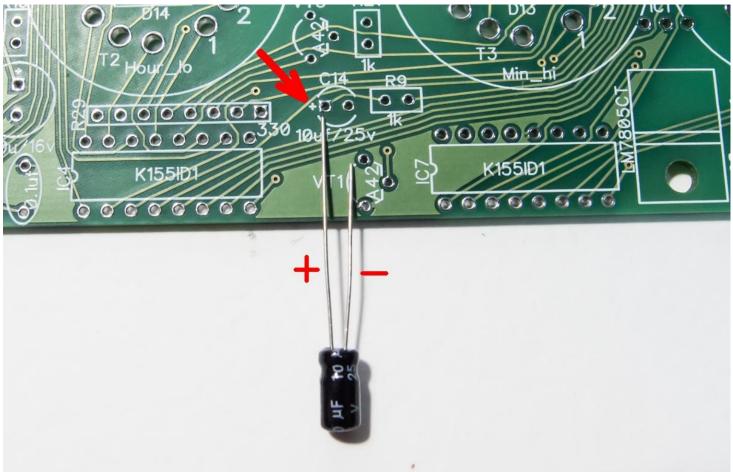


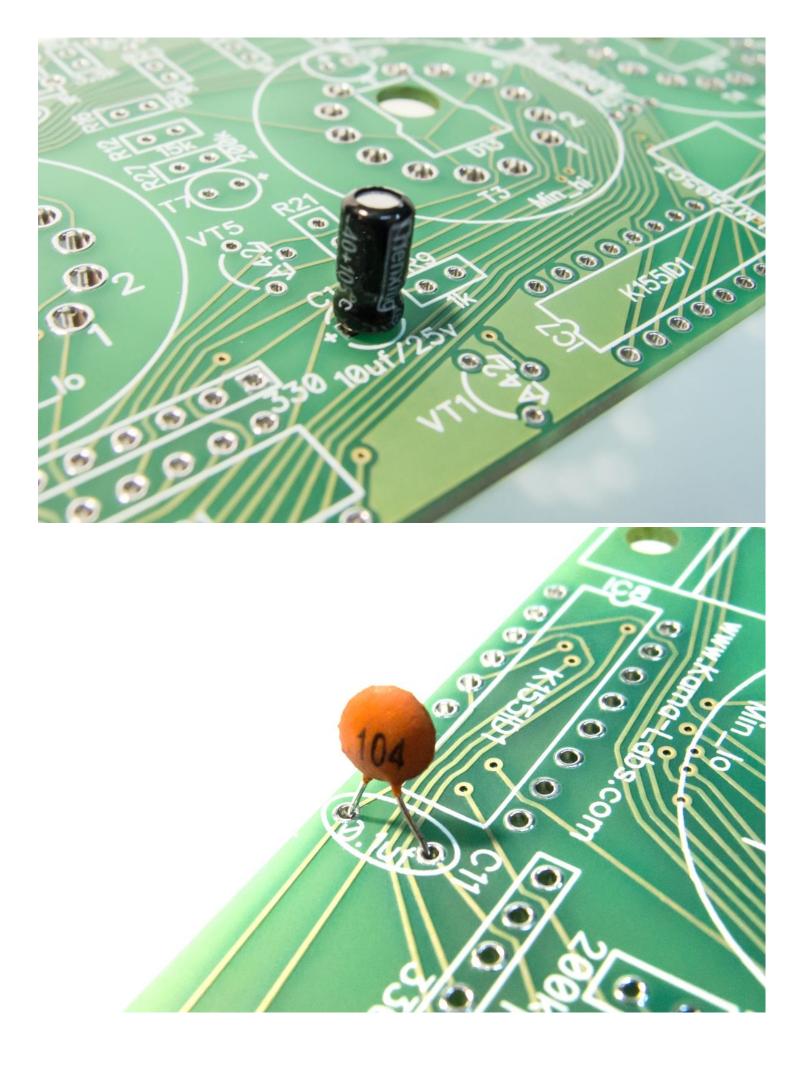
5) Place net.resistors. Common pin (marked with DOT) to SQUARE pad:



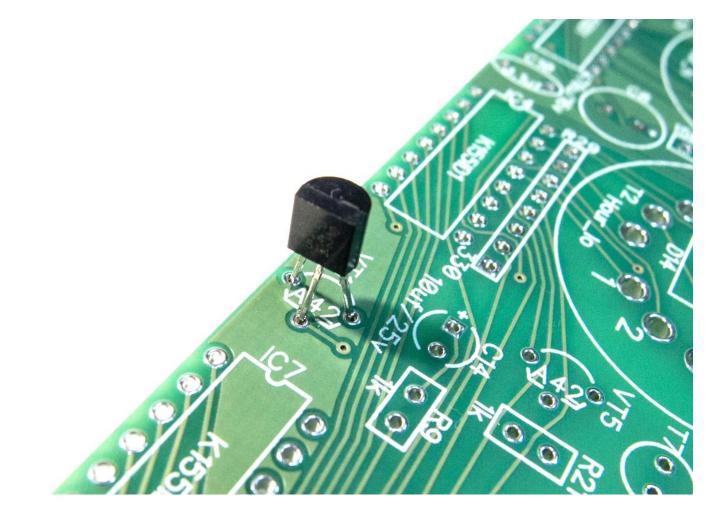


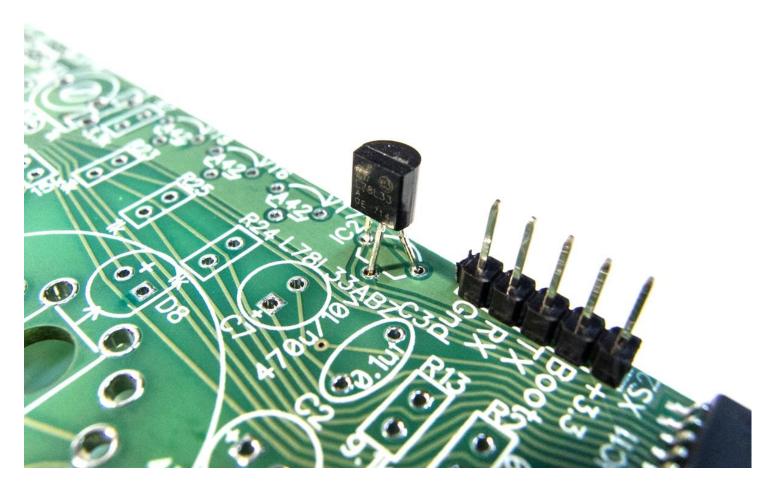
6) Place all capacitors. Be careful with polarity!



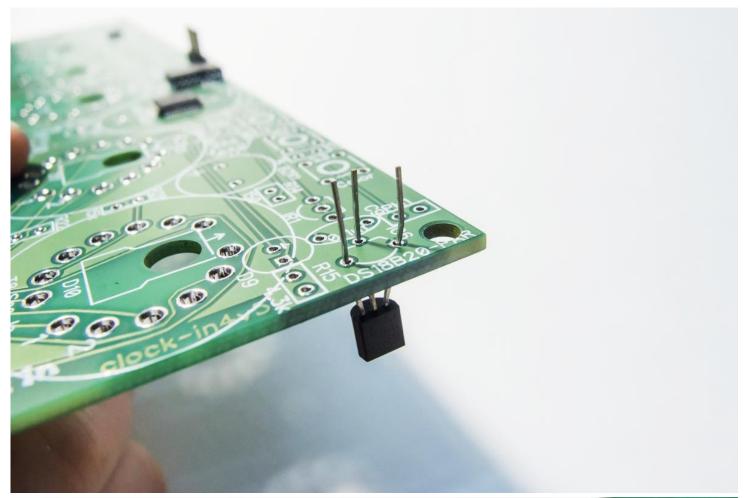


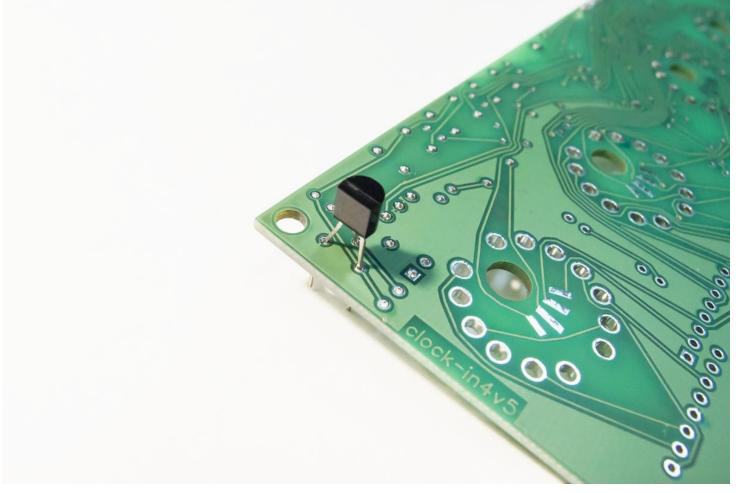
7) Place all trancsistors, voltage stabilizer(L78L33,LM7805) and temperature sensor(DS18B20):





Temperature sensor(DS18B20) should be install on back side of PCB:

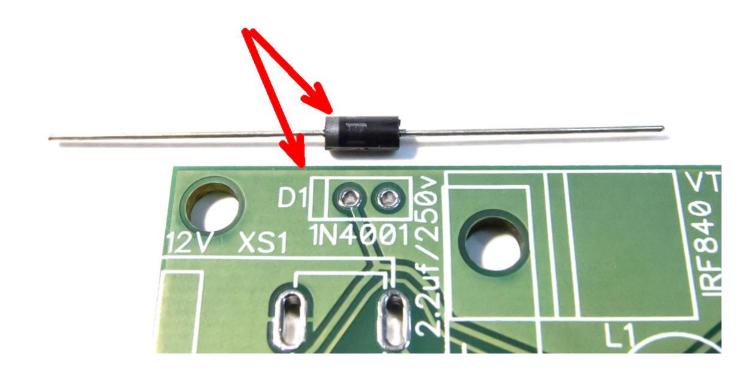


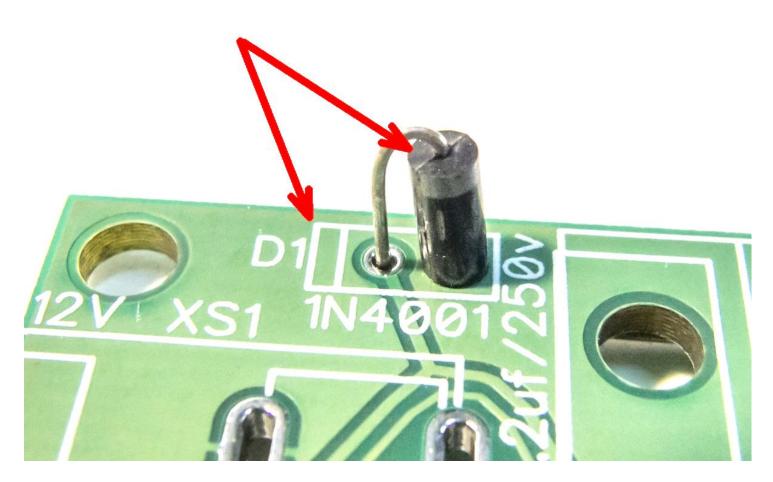


8) Place sockets for ICs:

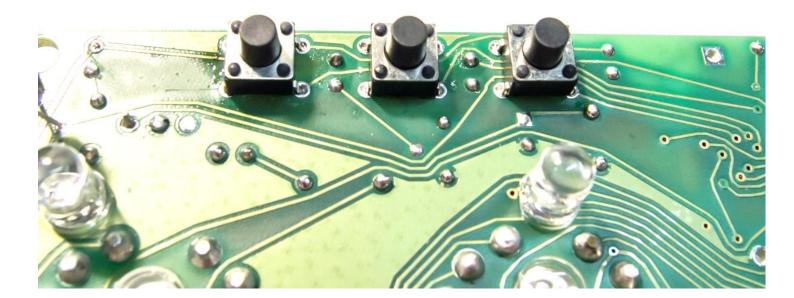


9) Place diodes and be careful with polarity:

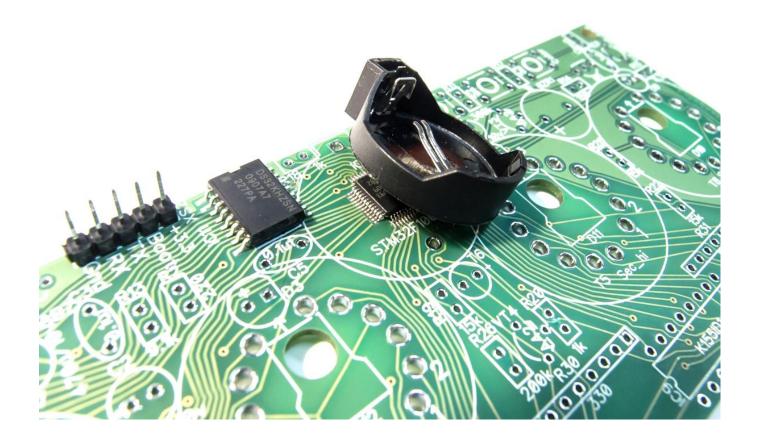


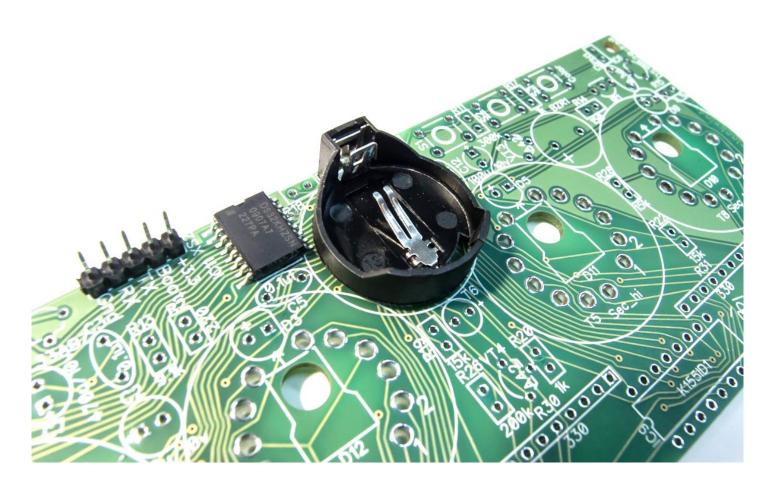


10) Place 3 buttons on back side:



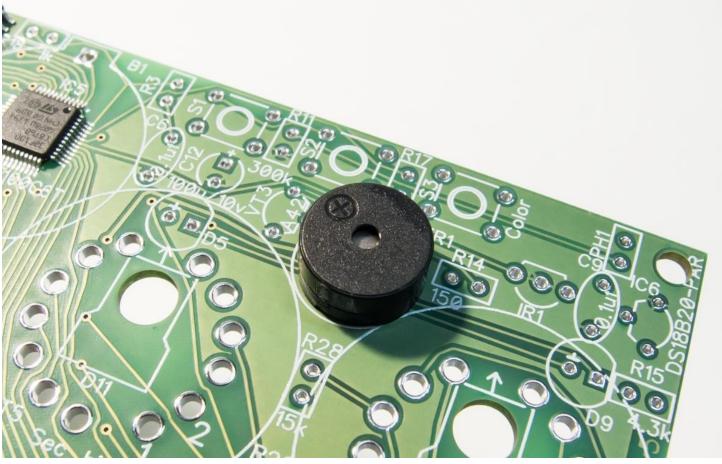
11) Place battery holder and insert battery when cock will assembled completely:



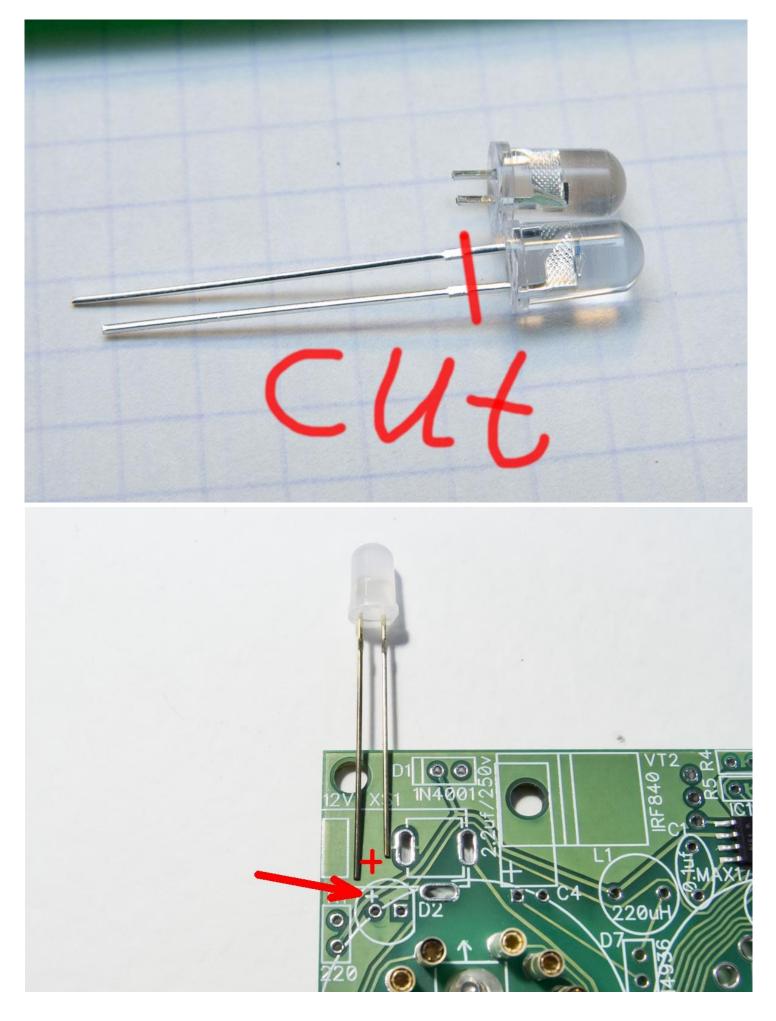


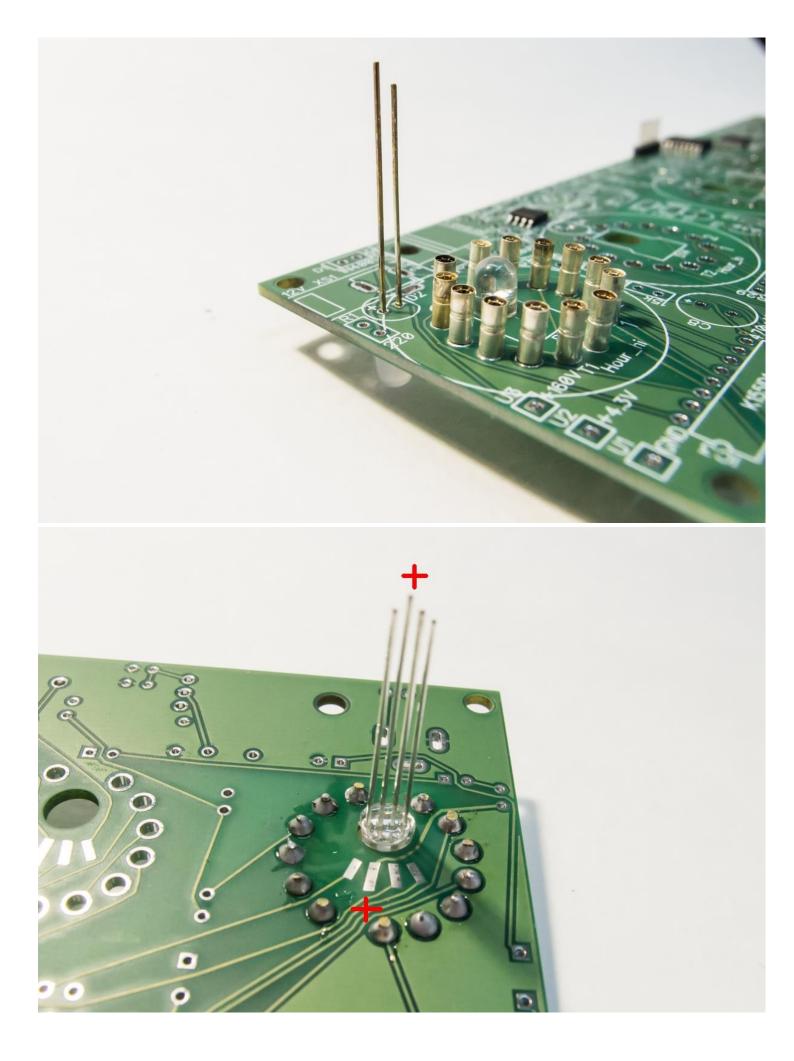
12) Place buzzer and be careful with polarity:

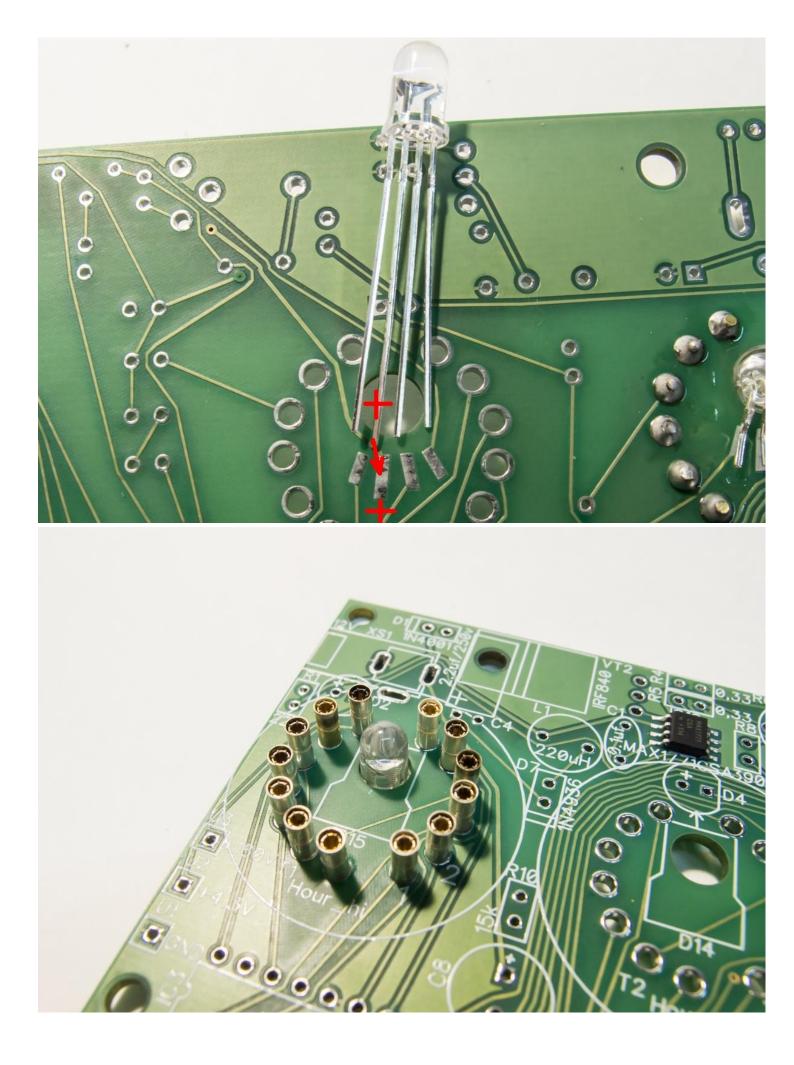


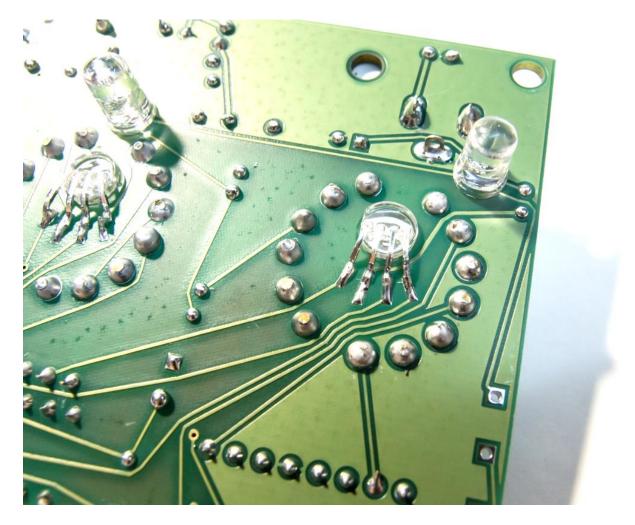


13) Insert 6 LEDs:

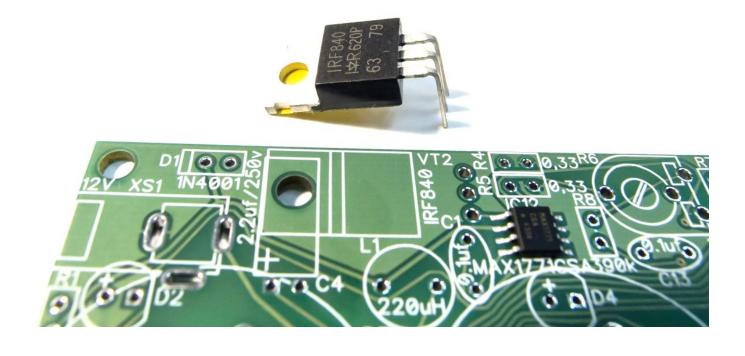




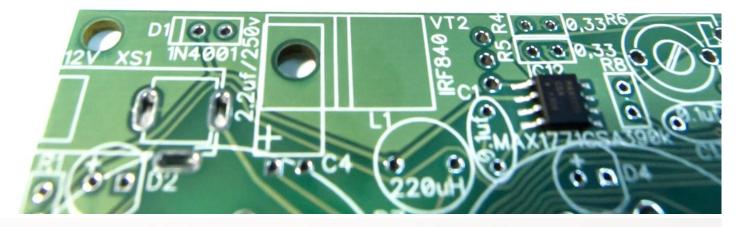


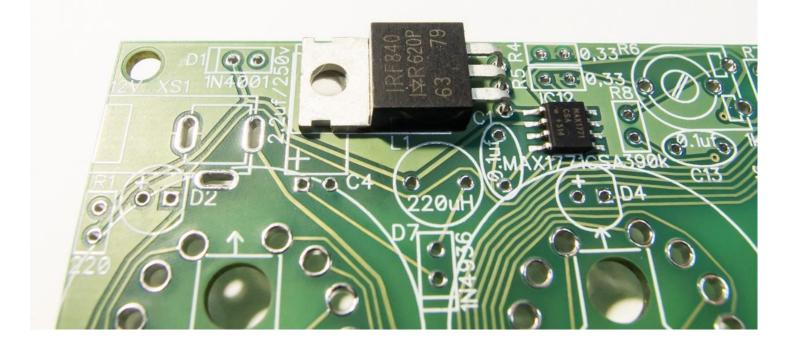


14) Place big transistor and L1 inductor. Use double side adhesive tape for fix transistor to PCB:



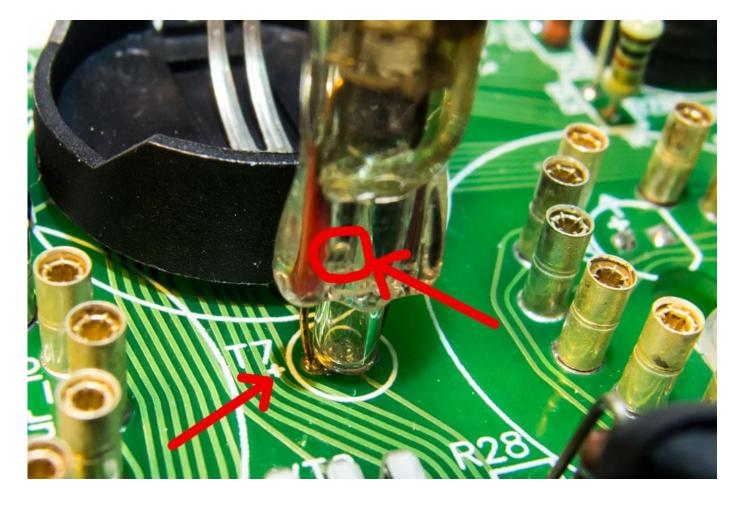




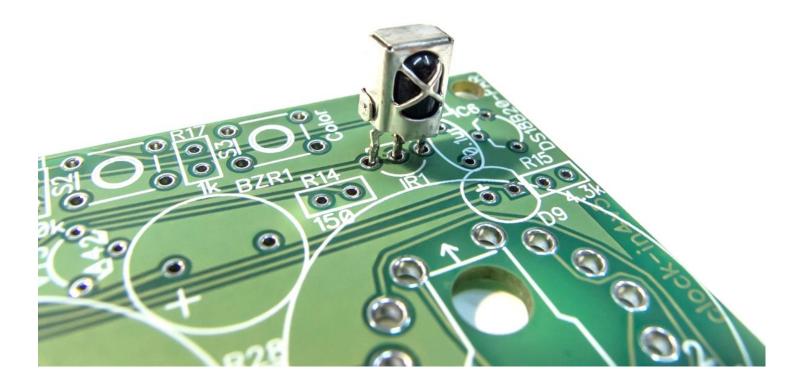


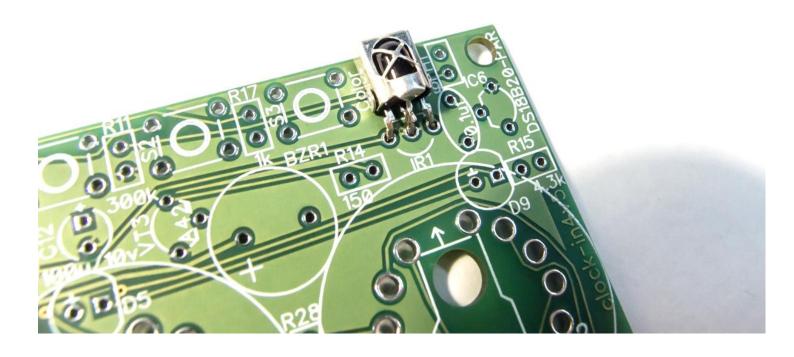


15) Place 2 INS-1 tubes. See the glass dot on INS tube; it should be placed to '+' on PCB.

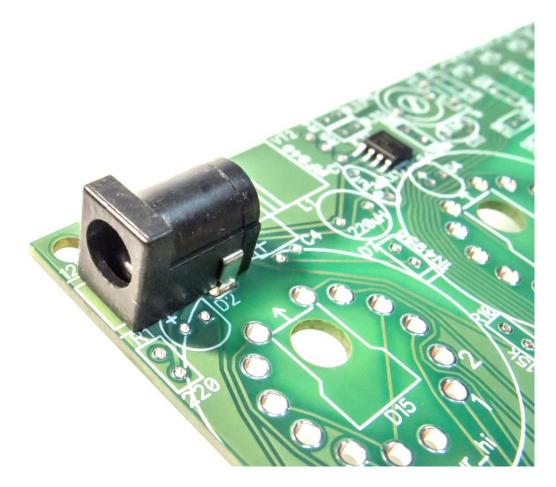


16) Place IR-receiver:



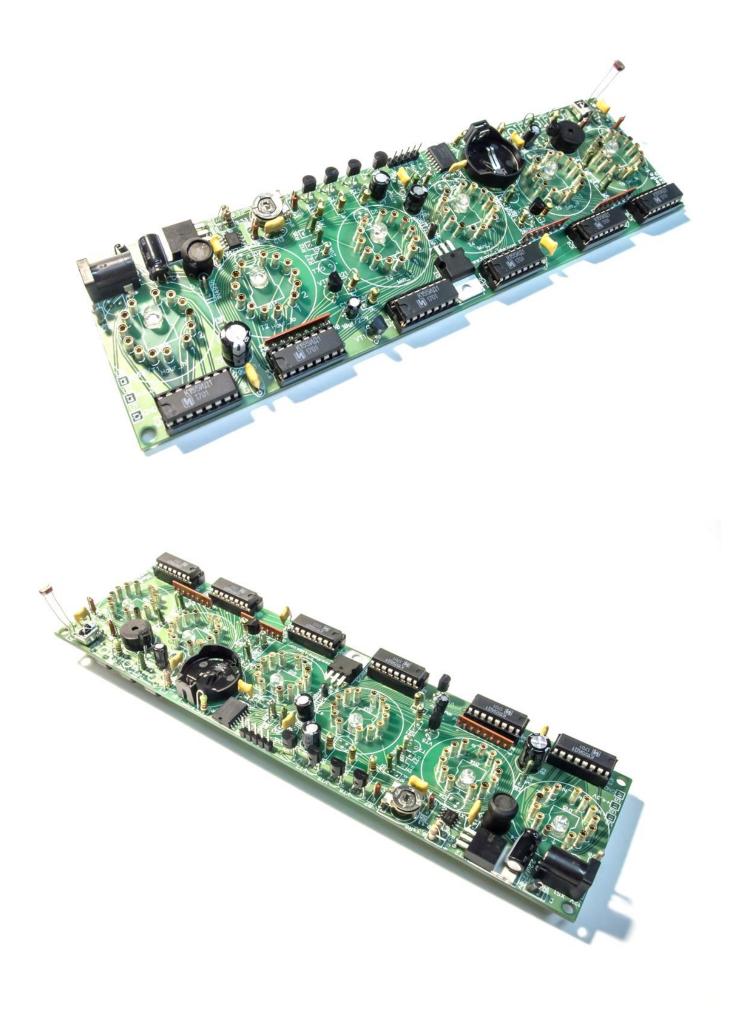


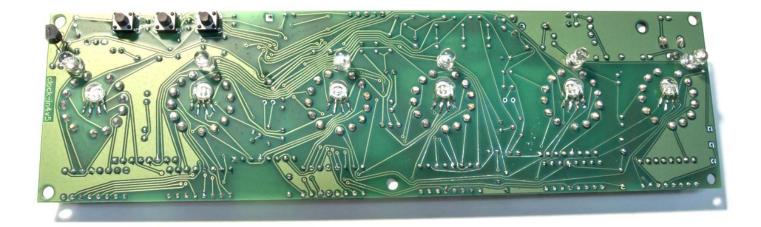
17) Install power plug:



18) The assembled board should looks like this:







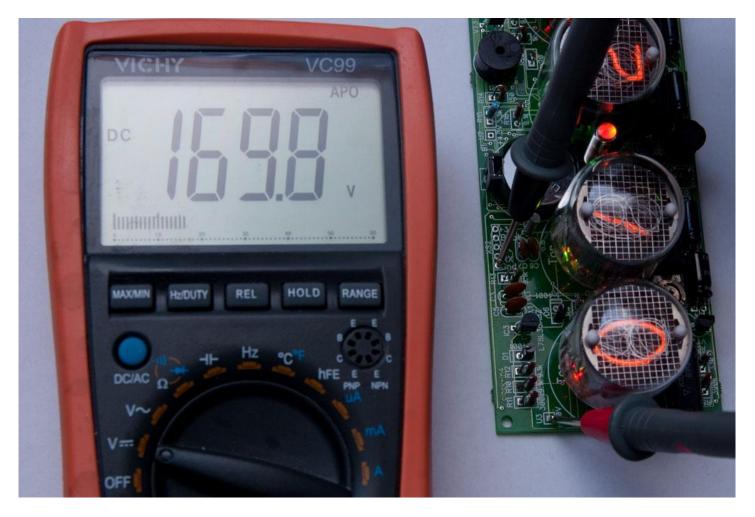
19) Then check the resistance between GND and +3.3V pins of XS2 again. It is should not lower 1kOhm.

20) Then plug 12V DC adapter. The microcontroller starts work and you will hear short melody. If it not happens, check the 3.3V on XS2 between GND and +3.3 pins.



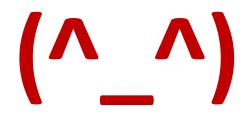


21) And now check high voltage on U3 pad. It should be ~160-170V. Use R6 potentiometer for adjusting.



CONGRATULATIONS!







Please note, that elements in kit can be a little different. If you doubt value of element, check it with multimeter.

IF VALUE OF ELEMENT IN SPECIFICATION AND ON PCB IS DEFFERENT, PLEASE USE VALUES FROM SPECIFICATION or SCHEMATIC.

Label	Qty.	Value	Photo
B1		Bat. CR2032	CR2032
BZR1		Buzzer	

C1, C13, C3, C5, C6, C9, C10, C11	8	0.1uf	FH100 TOUL OUT
C2, C7	2	470u/10v	10 X 10
C4		2.2uf/250v or 4.7uf/250v	7 JF 4.74 50 V 250V
C8		470u/16v	2204F 220

C12		100u/10v	100 gF 1001 10 V 10V
C14		10uf/25v	E 10 AE 25 V
D1, D6	2	1N4001	
D2, D3, D4, D5, D8, D9	6	LED auto	

D7		1N4936	
D10-D15	6	RGB Led	
IC1		LM7805CT	
IC2		L78L33ABZ	ET BL33 A BE 113

IC3,IC4,IC7- IC10	6	K155ID1	KISSIAI BIZ BIZ
IC5		STM32F100C6T	REFILID BEFER GENERAL AND COL
IC6		DS18B20-PAR	DALLAS T6B20 JE22604 223366
IC11		DS32kHz	



R1, R2	2	220	
R3		47	
R4, R5	2	0.33	
R6		1k pot.	
R7		3.3k	

R8		390k	
R9, R17, R18, R20, R21, R23, R24, R25	8	1k	
R10, R12, R16, R19, R22, R28	6	15k	
R11		300k	

R13		9.1k	
R14		150 or 160	
R15		4.3k	
R26, R27	2	200k	

R29, R30, R31	3	330 res.array	
S1-S3	3	Buttons	
T1-T5, T8	6	IN-4 tubes	
T6, T7	2	INS-1 tubes	

VT1, VT3- VT8	7	A42	A 4 2 B 331
VT2		IRF840 or IRF740	IRF840 IRF840 IC IC IC X9P0
XS1		Power socket	
Pins	78		

Bat. holder		
Socket 16- pin	6	
USB-UART		TO RXD TO RXD TXO TXO TXO TXO TXO TXO TXO TXO TXO TXO
Remote control		

12V power supply		
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